

## Summary of the baseline survey

Saferworld, Youth Without Borders (YWBOB), and ~~Resonate~~ ~~resonate!~~ Yemen ~~Organisations~~ are collaborating on a three-year EU-funded project aimed ~~ing~~ at strengthening Yemeni CSOs, networks, and hubs. The project will provide flexible and accessible funding, peer support, knowledge, and capacity-strengthening activities to support Yemeni CSOs across three key areas: integrated human and social development, economic stability and growth, and peace and security. The project will also ~~establish-strengthen~~ communication channels ~~to enhance information-sharing~~ between the EU and Yemeni CSOs, networks, and hubs ~~to enhance information enhance information and knowledge sharing~~. It targets ~~the~~ CSOs in the liberated governorates.

~~Their~~ ~~baseline~~ assessment, ~~completed in the first year of the project~~, aimed to ~~measure progress against assess~~ the ~~indicators against the~~ target results ~~set out~~ in the ~~project's~~ logical framework and to ~~provide-develop~~ a comprehensive understanding of ~~the~~ efforts ~~made~~ by different institutions to improve security and peace in Yemen. ~~The methodology of data collection-used a mixed-method approach, including was collection included~~ desk review, face-to-face interviews, FGDs and online surveys, targeting civil society organizations (CSOs), ~~and~~ hubs and networks across ~~different-multiple~~ governorates ~~in Yemen~~. ~~This~~ assessment ~~looked specifically at examined the areas of~~ good governance, exchange lessons, and partnerships ~~with local authorities as main indicators key areas of focus~~. It ~~also identified~~, the ~~assessment highlighted the~~ main challenges ~~faced by CSOs~~, ~~their~~ capacities, and the thematic ~~areas of their-of CSOs' work~~.

### Objective of the baseline

The aim of this assessment is to provide a thorough understanding of the ways in which different institutions work to improve security and peace in Yemen as well as measure indicators of the related outcomes. The study will also highlight the challenges and obstacles that these institutions face in their attempts to promote development and peacebuilding with local communities and individuals as well as independent actors of good governance and development. To achieve this, the consultant used existing studies and identify relevant Yemeni institutions, networks, hubs, and coalitions involved in these issues.

#### The baseline assessment aimed to:

- Establish target values for key indicators in the project's logical framework.
- Understand the initial capacities and roles of Yemeni CSOs, networks and hubs.
- Identify key challenges and enabling factors affecting peacebuilding and development work of CSOs.

### The Methodology

The assessment was conducted on two levels of outreach: 1) face-to-face interviews and 2) online questionnaire distribution. As for the direct interviews, two types of data collection were applied such as surveys with CSOs and FGDs with hubs and networks. The governorates covered in this ~~study through study-thethrough the~~ direct interviews, were: Aden, Abyan, Lahj, Hadhramout, Maharah, Marib, Shabwah, and Taiz. Moreover, the online questionnaire was distributed to be filled by CSOs around Yemen, yet the CSOs who responded to it were from the same above-mentioned governorates in addition to *Aldhalea* Governorates

#### Sample Size

The primary data collected in this study was through three main tools, Face-to-Face questionnaire, FGDs, and Online questionnaire.

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Governorate	Face-to-Face	Online	FGD
Abyan	3	7	0
Aden	4	22	1
Aldhalea	0	2	0
Hadhramout	4	3	0
Lahj	3	11	0
Maharah	2	0	0
Marib	3	3	0
Shabwah	3	2	0
Taiz	5	10	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>2</b>

Gender of CSOs leadership	Direct Interviews	Online Interviews	Total
Female Led CSOs	12	39	51
Male Led CSOs	15	30	45
<b>Total</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>96</b>

Type	Number of CSOS/Hubs/Networks
CSOs	96
Hubs	7
Network	8

#### Data Analysis

The assessment process employed both quantitative and qualitative analysis using two main methods: Excel analysis for quantitative data and text analysis and coding for qualitative analysis, which is commonly known as triangulation. It is important to note that the analysis verified the related indicators to ensure their accuracy and updated them where necessary. Additionally, it identified gaps in the governance and technical capabilities of CSOs.

#### Logical Framework focused on the purpose and outcomes

Results chain	Indicator	Baseline	Target (value & reference year)	Source of data
To strengthen EU partnerships with Yemeni CSOs, and existing Yemeni CSO networks and hubs as independent and collective actors for longer-term social development,	1. The extent to which CSOs have increased their independence as good governance and development actors (disaggregation by type and sector)			Baseline/endline survey

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<b>economic stability and peace and security in Yemen</b>	2. # of EU-funded initiatives implemented by civil society promoting social development, economic stability and peace and security in Yemen  (Disaggregation by sector)			Baseline/endline survey
<b>Oc1 Improved contribution of Yemeni CSOs to addressing community needs on priority women, peace and security (WPS) and development issues</b>	1.1. #of projects supported by grants achieving their stated objectives as a result of this intervention. Disaggregation by thematic area)			Rapid survey with CSOs Or Intervention reports
	1.2 % of CSO and CSO network initiatives which contribute to gender transformative peacebuilding and development, in line with community needs and priorities as a result of this intervention			Outcome harvesting forms; OR perception survey; OR CSO peer review (bi-annually)
<b>Oc2 Enhance CSOs engagement and participation in the promotion of human and social development, economic stability and growth, and peace and security</b>	2.1 % of representatives of CSOs / CSO networks and hubs reporting increased learning and coordination thanks to dialogue and exchange initiatives under the intervention (Disaggregated by gender, age, and social determinants such as disability, (dis)placement status, minority/majority ...)			Perception surveys (Annually)
	2.2 # of collaborative initiatives established between CSO and CSOs networks/hubs as a result of this intervention (Disaggregated by type of initiative in relation to a focus on youth, elders, persons with disabilities,			Outcome harvesting forms (bi-annually) OR Survey